

**SIGNAL PROCESSING APPLICATIONS OF A PAIR OF
SIMPLE FIXED POINT ALGORITHMS****Isao Yamada**Department of Communications and Integrated Systems
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Inspired by the remarkable flexibility of the fixed point theory of (quasi-)nonexpansive mapping and its successful applications to inverse problems, we have developed a pair of extremely simple algorithms and have shown their effectiveness in many signal processing applications. The *hybrid steepest descent method* [1] can approximate iteratively the solution of the variational inequality problem formulated over the fixed point set of (quasi-)nonexpansive mapping in a real Hilbert space \mathcal{H} , hence realizes simple computational schemes for a certain *hierarchical constrained optimization problem* : given a pair of convex cost functions $f_i : \mathcal{H} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ($i = 1, 2$) and a closed convex set $C_1 \subset \mathcal{H}$, minimize f_2 over $C_2 := \arg \min_{x \in C_1} f_1(x) \neq \emptyset$. The *adaptive projected subgradient method* [2] minimize asymptotically a certain sequence of nonnegative convex functions over a closed convex set in \mathcal{H} . This algorithm offers a unified mathematical foundation of not only a wide range of the *projection based adaptive filtering algorithms* but also a powerful online classification algorithm. In this talk, we introduce recent signal processing applications of these algorithms.

References

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